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# **Preface**

This preface includes the following sections:

- Audience, on page v
- Document Conventions, on page v
- Related Documentation for CN93240YC-FX2 Switches, on page vi
- Documentation Feedback, on page vi
- · Communications, Services, and Additional Information, on page vi

# Audience

This publication is for network administrators who install, configure, and maintain CN switches.

# **Document Conventions**

Command descriptions use the following conventions:

Convention	Description
bold	Bold text indicates the commands and keywords that you enter literally as shown.
Italic	Italic text indicates arguments for which you supply the values.
[x]	Square brackets enclose an optional element (keyword or argument).
[x   y]	Square brackets enclosing keywords or arguments that are separated by a vertical bar indicate an optional choice.
{x   y}	Braces enclosing keywords or arguments that are separated by a vertical bar indicate a required choice.
[x {y   z}]	Nested set of square brackets or braces indicate optional or required choices within optional or required elements. Braces and a vertical bar within square brackets indicate a required choice within an optional element.

Convention	Description
variable	Indicates a variable for which you supply values, in context where italics cannot be used.
string	A nonquoted set of characters. Do not use quotation marks around the string or the string includes the quotation marks.

Examples use the following conventions:

Convention	Description
screen font	Terminal sessions and information the switch displays are in screen font.
boldface screen font	Information that you must enter is in <b>boldface</b> screen font.
italic screen font	Arguments for which you supply values are in italic screen font.
<>	Nonprinting characters, such as passwords, are in angle brackets.
[]	Default responses to system prompts are in square brackets.
!,#	An exclamation point (!) or a pound sign (#) at the beginning of a line of code indicates a comment line.

# **Documentation Feedback**

To provide technical feedback on this document, or to report an error or omission, please send your comments to inspur\_network@inspur.com. We appreciate your feedback.



### GHAITEN

# **New and Changed Information**

This chapter provides release-specific information for each new and changed feature in the *CN93240YC-FX2 NX-OS Virtual Machine Tracker Configuration Guide*.

• New and Changed Information, on page 1

# **New and Changed Information**

Table 1: New and Changed Features for Release 9.3(x)

Feature	Description	Changed in Release	Where Documented
VM Tracker	No updates since NX- OS Release 9.2(x)	9.3(1)	

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# CHAPTER **2**

# **Overview**

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Information About Virtual Machine Tracker, on page 3
- Virtual Machine Tracker and VMware vCenter, on page 3

### **Information About Virtual Machine Tracker**

Virtual Machine Tracker (VM Tracker) works together with VMware vCenter and enables you to do the following:

- Identify the CN93240YC-FX2 port that is used for each VM
- · Identify the VLAN requirements of each VM
- Track the movement of VMs from one host (ESXi) to another
- Track VM configuration changes such as additions, deletions, or modifications of VLANs, and configure VLANs on CN93240YC-FX2 ports accordingly
- Track the additions or deletions of VMs and hosts, and configure VLANs on CN93240YC-FX2 ports accordingly
- Track the state of VMs and dynamically provisions VLANs on the CN93240YC-FX2 server facing physical ports.

### **Virtual Machine Tracker and VMware vCenter**

VM Tracker synchronizes with VMware vCenter to retrieve the following information:

- The host on which the VMs exist.
- The CN93240YC-FX2 ports through which the VM traffic flows.
- The virtual network interface card (vNIC) that connects the VM to a virtual switch.
- The power state of the VM.
- The VLAN information of port groups or distributed virtual switch (DVS) port groups.

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• The port groups or DVS port groups that are required for the VM.

# CHAPTER **3**

# **Configuring Virtual Machine Tracker**

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Information About Virtual Machine Tracker, on page 5
- Enabling Virtual Machine Tracker, on page 6
- Creating a New Connection to vCenter, on page 6
- Synchronizing Information with VMware vCenter, on page 7
- Compatibility Checking on a VPC Topology, on page 8
- Verifying the Virtual Machine Tracker Configuration, on page 9
- Enabling Virtual Machine Tracker on Specific Interfaces, on page 9
- Configuring Dynamic VLAN Creation, on page 10
- Example Configuration for Virtual Machine Tracker, on page 11

### **Information About Virtual Machine Tracker**

### **Guidelines and Limitations for VM Tracker**

VM Tracker has the following guidelines and limitations:

- show commands with the internal keyword are not supported.
- For all ports on which VM Tracker is enabled, you must not perform any Layer 2 or Layer 3 configuration that is related to switchports and VLANs.
- VM Tracker supports up to four vCenter connections.
- VM Tracker supports high availability and the fault tolerance features of vCenter.
- VM Tracker is only supported on ESXi 5.0, 5.1, 5.5, and 6.0 versions of VMware vCenter.
- You must connect a host directly to the port of a CN93240YC-FX2 switch. Host connectivity through fabric interconnect, another switch, or chassis is not supported.



**Note** Connecting a host through a fabric extender (FEX) is supported by a CN93240YC-FX2 switch.

 When VMware Distributed Resource Scheduler (DRS) is enabled, VMTracker cannot immediately detect when the VM is powered on. However when VMTracker later performs a full sync with VMware VCenter, the VM becomes recognized by VMTracker. Disabling VMware DRS avoids this issue.

### **Enabling Virtual Machine Tracker**

By default, the VM Tracker feature is enabled on all interfaces.

#### SUMMARY STEPS

- **1.** switch# **configure terminal**
- 2. switch(config)# [no] feature vmtracker

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose		
Step 1	switch# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.		
Step 2	switch(config)# [no] feature vmtracker	Enables the VM Tracker feature on all interfaces. The <b>no</b> form of the command disables the VM Tracker feature on all interfaces.		

#### Example

This example shows how to enable VM Tracker:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# feature vmtracker
switch(config)#
```

### **Creating a New Connection to vCenter**

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. switch# configure terminal
- 2. switch(config)# [no] vmtracker connection connection-name
- **3.** switch(config-vmt-conn)# [no] remote {ip address ip address | port port number | vrf}
- 4. switch(config-vmt-conn)# username username password password
- 5. switch(config-vmt-conn)# [no] connect

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose		
Step 1	switch# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.		

	Command or Action	Purpose		
Step 2	<pre>switch(config)# [no] vmtracker connection connection-name</pre>	Enters VM Tracker connection configuration mode for the connection name specified.		
		The <b>no</b> form of the command disables the connection.		
Step 3	<pre>switch(config-vmt-conn)# [no] remote {ip address ip_address   port port_number   vrf}</pre>	Configures remote IP parameters.		
Step 4	switch(config-vmt-conn)# <b>username</b> username <b>password</b> password	Verifies the username and password to connect to vCenter.		
Step 5	switch(config-vmt-conn)# [no] connect	Connects to vCenter.		
		The <b>no</b> form of the command disconnects VM Tracker from vCenter.		

#### Example

This example shows how to create a new connection to VMware vCenter:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# vmtracker connection conn1
switch(config-vmt-conn)# remote ip address 20.1.1.1 port 80 vrf management
switch(config-vmt-conn)# username user1 password abc1234
switch(config-vmt-conn)# connect
```

### Synchronizing Information with VMware vCenter

By default, VM Tracker tracks all asynchronous events from VMware vCenter and updates the switchport configuration immediately. Optionally, you can also configure a synchronizing mechanism that synchronizes all host, VM, and port group information automatically with VMware vCenter at a specified interval.

Command	Purpose
[no] set interval find-new-host val	Sets the interval, in seconds, for finding hosts that are newly connected to vCenter. The <b>no</b> form of the command disables the previously configured interval. The default duration is 3600 seconds.
[no] set interval sync-full-info val	Sets the interval, in seconds, for synchronizing all host, VM, and port group related information with vCenter. The <b>no</b> form of the command disables the previously configured interval. The default duration is 3600 seconds.
vmtracker connection connection-name refresh	Synchronizes all host, VM, and port group related information with vCenter immediately for the specified connection.

#### Example

This example shows how to set an interval for finding hosts that are newly connected to vCenter:

switch(config-vmt-conn)# set interval find-new-host 300

This example shows how to set an interval for synchronizing all host, VM, and port group information with vCenter:

switch(config-vmt-conn)# set interval sync-full-info 120

This example shows how to immediately synchronize all host, VM, and port group information with vCenter:

switch(config-vmt-conn) # vmtracker connection conn1 refresh

# **Compatibility Checking on a VPC Topology**

On a VPC topology, VM Tracker performs a Type 2 compatibility checking. The checking ensures that for a particular connection name, the following fields match across the VPC peers:

- The vCenter IP address that VM Tracker should connect to.
- The vCenter port number that VM Tracker should connect on.
- The allowed VLAN range for that particular connection.
- The username/password combination that VM Tracker should use to connect to the vCenter Server.

To determine if the VPC checking was successful, use the **show vpc consistency-parameters global** command. The following is an example of VPC checking:

switch# show vpc consistency-parameters global

Legend:										
Туре	1	:	vPC	will	be	suspended	in	case	of	mismatch

Name	Туре	Local Value	Peer Value
Vlan to Vn-segment Map	1	No Relevant Maps	No Relevant Maps
STP Mode	1	Rapid-PVST	Rapid-PVST
STP Disabled	1	None	None
STP MST Region Name	1		
STP MST Region Revision	1	0	0
STP MST Region Instance to	1		
VLAN Mapping			
STP Loopguard	1	Disabled	Disabled
STP Bridge Assurance	1	Enabled	Enabled
STP Port Type, Edge	1	Normal, Disabled,	Normal, Disabled,
BPDUFilter, Edge BPDUGuard		Disabled	Disabled
STP MST Simulate PVST	1	Enabled	Enabled
Interface-vlan admin up	2	1-8	1-8
Interface-vlan routing	2	1-8	1-8
capability			
vmtracker connection	2	conn1, 10.193.174.215,	conn1, 10.193.174.215,
params		80, 1-4094	80, 1-4094
Allowed VLANs	-	1-100	1-100
Local suspended VLANs	-	-	-

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switch#

# **Verifying the Virtual Machine Tracker Configuration**

Use the following commands to display and verify VM Tracker configuration information:

Command	Purpose
show running-config vmtracker [all]	Displays the VM Tracker configuration.
<pre>show vmtracker [connection conn_name] {{info [interface intf_id ]{summary   detail   host   vm   port-group}}   event-history}</pre>	Displays the VM Tracker configuration based on the following: • Connection • Interface • Event history
<pre>show vmtracker [connection conn_name] status</pre>	Displays the IP address and connection status of the vCenter connection specified.
show logging level vmtracker	Displays the logging level of the syslog messages for VM Tracker.

# **Enabling Virtual Machine Tracker on Specific Interfaces**

When VM Tracker is enabled by using the **[no] feature vmtracker** command, it is enabled on all interfaces by default. You can optionally disable and enable it on specific interfaces by using the **[no] vmtracker enable** command.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. switch# configure terminal
- 2. switch(config)# interface type slot/port
- 3. switch(config-if)# [no] vmtracker enable

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose		
Step 1	switch# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.		
Step 2	<pre>switch(config)# interface type slot/port</pre>	Enters the interface configuration mode for the specified interface.		
Step 3	switch(config-if)# [no] vmtracker enable	Enables the VM Tracker feature on the specified interface.		

Command or Action	Purpose		
	The <b>no</b> form of the command disables the VM Tracker feature on the specified interface.		

#### Example

This example shows how to enable VM Tracker on a specified interface:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# interface ethernet 1/3/1
switch(config-if)# vmtracker enable
```

# **Configuring Dynamic VLAN Creation**

### **Enabling Dynamic VLAN Creation**

Dynamic creation and deletion of VLANs globally is enabled by default. When dynamic VLAN creation is enabled, if a VM is moved from one host to another and the VLAN required for this VM does not exist on the switch, the required VLAN is automatically created on the switch. You can also disable this capability. However, if you disable dynamic VLAN creation, you must manually create all the required VLANs.

#### Before you begin

Ensure that the VM Tracker feature is enabled.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. switch# configure terminal
- 2. switch(config)# vmtracker connection connection-name
- 3. switch(config-vmt-conn)# [no] autovlan enable

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose		
Step 1switch# configure terminalEn		Enters global configuration mode.		
Step 2	<pre>switch(config)# vmtracker connection connection-name</pre>	Enters VM Tracker connection configuration mode for the connection name specified.		
Step 3	switch(config-vmt-conn)# <b>[no] autovlan enable</b>	Enables dynamic VLAN creation and deletion. The <b>no</b> form of the command disables dynamic VLAN creation and deletion.		

#### Example

This example shows how to enable dynamic VLAN creation:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# vmtracker connection conn1
switch(config-vmt-conn)# autovlan enable
```

### **Configuring an Allowed VLAN List**

By default, all VLANs can be configured dynamically on interfaces. You can also define a restricted list of such VLANs.

#### Before you begin

Ensure that the VM Tracker feature is enabled.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. switch# configure terminal
- 2. switch(config)# vmtracker connection connection-name
- **3.** switch(config-vmt-conn)# allowed-vlans {allow-vlans | add add-vlans | except except-vlans | remove remove-vlans | all}

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose			
Step 1	switch# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.			
Step 2	<pre>switch(config)# vmtracker connection connection-name</pre>	Enters VM Tracker connection configuration mode for the connection name specified.			
Step 3	<pre>switch(config-vmt-conn)# allowed-vlans {allow-vlans   add add-vlans   except except-vlans   remove remove-vlans   all}</pre>	Configures a list of VLANs that can be dynamically configured on interfaces.			

#### Example

This example shows how to configure a list of allowed VLANs:

```
switch# configure terminal
```

```
switch(config)# vmtracker connection test
switch(config-vmt-conn)# allowed-vlans 100-101
```

### **Example Configuration for Virtual Machine Tracker**

This example shows how to create a connection with vCenter:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# feature vmtracker
switch(config)# vmtracker connection test
switch(config-vmt-conn)# remote ip address 20.1.1.1 port 80 vrf management
switch(config-vmt-conn)# username user1 password abc@123
```

```
switch(config-vmt-conn)# connect
switch(config-vmt-conn)# show vmtracker status
Connection
              Host/IP
                                           status
_____
                                                  _____
               20.1.1.1
test
                                           Connected
switch(config-vmt-conn)# show vmtracker info detail
_____
                       VMNIC VM
Interface Host
                                      State PortGroup VLAN-Range
-----
                                     _____
Ethernet1/3/1 20.2.2.2 vmnic4 No-OS1 on PGroup100 100
_____
switch(config-vmt-conn)# show running-config vmtracker
!Command: show running-config vmtracker
!Time: Mon Mar 10 09:07:47 2014
version 6.0(2)U3(1)
feature vmtracker
vmtracker connection test
remote ip address 20.1.1.1 port 80
username user1 password abc@123
connect
switch(config-vmt-conn)# show running-config interface ethernet 1/3/1
!Command: show running-config interface Ethernet1/3/1
!Time: Mon Mar 10 09:09:13 2014
version 6.0(2)U3(1)
interface Ethernet1/3/1
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk allowed vlan 1,100
```

**Note** VLAN 1 is the native VLAN on interface Ethernet1/3/1.

This example shows how to verify VM Tracker information after you power off the VM on vCenter:

```
switch(config-vmt-conn) # show vmtracker info detail
                                 _____
   -----
                          ____
Interface Host VMNIC VM State PortGroup VLAN-Range
_____
Ethernet1/3/1 20.2.2.2
                    vmnic4 No-OS1 off PGroup100 100
_____
switch(config-vmt-conn)# show running-config interface ethernet 1/3/1
!Command: show running-config interface Ethernet1/3/1
!Time: Mon Mar 10 09:09:13 2014
version 6.0(2)U3(1)
interface Ethernet1/3/1
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk allowed vlan 1, 100
```

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This example shows how to verify VM Tracker information after you add a new VLAN through vCenter:

switch(config-vmt-conn) # show vmtracker info detail

Interface	Host	VMNIC	VM	State	PortGroup	VLAN-Range
Ethernet1/3/1	20.2.2.2	vmnic4	No-OS1	on	PGroup100	100
Ethernet1/3/1	20.2.2.2	vmnic4	No-OS1	on	PGroup103	103

switch(config-vmt-conn)# show running-config interface ethernet 1/3/1
!Command: show running-config interface Ethernet1/3/1
!Time: Mon Mar 10 09:11:06 2014
version 6.0(2)U3(1)
interface Ethernet1/3/1
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk allowed vlan 1,100,103

This example shows how verify VM Tracker event-history information:

switch(config-vmt-conn) # show vmtracker event-history \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ Event History (Connection:test NumEv:6 IP:20.1.1.1) \_\_\_\_\_ EventId Event Msg \_\_\_\_\_ 77870 Reconfigured No-OS1 on 20.2.2.2 in N3K-VM No-OS1 on 20.2.2.2 in N3K-VM is powered on 77867 77863 Reconfigured No-OS1 on 20.2.2.2 in N3K-VM 77858 No-OS1 on 20.2.2.2 in N3K-VM is powered off

This example shows how to disconnect from vCenter:

switch (config switch (config switch (config Connection	)# vmtracker c -vmt-conn)# no -vmt-conn)# sh Host/I	connection t connect ow vmtracke	est r statu	s	status	
test	20.1.1	.1			No Connect	;
switch(config !Command: sho !Time: Mon Ma version 6.0(2 interface Eth switchport mo switchport tr	-vmt-conn)# sh w running-conf r 10 09:15:43 )U3(1) ernet1/3/1 de trunk unk allowed vl	a <b>running-co</b> ig interfac 2014 an 1	nfig in e Ether:	<b>terface eth</b> net1/3/1	ernet 1/3/1	
switch(config	-vmt-conn)# <b>sh</b>	ow vmtracke	r info	detail		
Interface	Host	VMNIC	VM	State	PortGroup	VLAN-Range



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